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Second International Conference "QUALITY AND COMPETENCE 2015"

А ЗА КВАЛИТЕТОТ ІАГНОСТИКА

т<mark>а¹, Трпе Ристоски¹</mark> ка Македонија, копје, Република Македонија,

ива согласно стандардот МКС EN ньа за квалитет и компетентност. ните елементи за медицинските ентноста на своите услуги, како естирањето или «испитувањето» н со комплетна инволвираност на т да им помогне на медицинските ање со квалитет и одржување на ција да ја потврдат или препознаат гација.

птацијата се дефинира како еден и се да го зголеми квалитетот на нтите, тие може да бидат сигурни рецизни резултати; при давањето ват најдобрата актуела практика; почитуваат етиката, доверливоста орија, акредитацијата обезбедува а практика; поттикнува размена на изикот и обезбедува меѓународно , потребата од унапредување на принцип. Акредитацијата може да паборатории.

ање со квалитет, акредитација,

ACCREDITATION AS A PROOF OF QUALITY IN LABORATORY DIAGNOSIS

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ABSTRACT

Accreditation of the medical laboratories is being conveyed in compliance with the MKC EN ISO 15189:2013 standard *Medical Laboratories – Special Quality and Competence Requirements*. The MKC EN ISO 151895:2013 standard includes the basic elements for the medical laboratories to demonstrate the quality and competence of their services, as well as to continuously provide valid test or "examination" results in accordance to the requirements of the standard. The standard, development with full involvement of the medical, scientific and clinical community, aims at helping the medical laboratories develop their quality management systems and maintain their own competence; as well as the accreditation bodies to confirm or recognize the competence of these laboratories by accrediting them.

Globally, during the emergence of the 21 century, accreditation has been defined itself as one of the priorities in laboratory medicine, aiming toward quality improvement in healthcare and social care, primarily for the patients, so they can be sure that they get a good quality service, a genuine service, accurate results; the service provision makes use of the newest technologies that reflect the best current practices; the service is provided by competent staff in compliance with the ethics, confidentiality and patient safety. Then, for the laboratory itself: the accreditation provides an opportunity for external perspectives of the laboratory practice; stimulates an exchange of best practices; stimulates innovations; reduces the risk and provides for international recognition. And ultimately for the health regulators, the need to promote quality in the provision of services to the patients is the key principle. Accreditation can be used as a tool for authorizing medical laboratories.

Keywords: quality, quality management system, accreditation, laboratory diagnosis, healthcare